



MTCC-ALP

Automatic Leveling Protection Device

User Manual



V1.2 2019.10

FOREWORD

Thank you for purchasing MTCC-ALP automatic leveling protection device (here in after referred to as MTCC-ALP).

MTCC-ALP is an automatic leveling protection device for elevators independently developed and produced by Hpmont in combination with market demand, and its operation is simple and easy to use:

- MTCC-ALP-B can perfectly match Hpmont MONT70 integrated controller.
- MTCC-ALP-A is suitable for lift modernization and can be used with old elevator anti-leveling operations.

Version Modification Records

Time: 2019/10

Version: V1.2

Chapter	Content
Chapter 1	• Increase danger and warning • Modify the input and output voltage range, refer to section 1.2 • Modify the altitude description, refer to section 1.2 • Modify the default function of the X2 terminal, refer to section 1.7 • Modify the EPO switch description, refer to section 1.7
Chapter 2	• Modify the operator panel instructions, refer to section 2.1 • Modify the MTCC-ALP debugging steps, refer to section 2.2 • Modify the MTCC-ALP workflow, refer to section 2.2
Chapter 3	• Add Typical Applications, refer to section 3.10 • Add a detailed description of the function, refer to Chapter 3
Chapter 5	• Reserved D00.04/F00.05 - F00.09/F04.02/F04.05 • Add D03.05/D01.14/F00.02/F00.12/F00.13/F03.07 • Add the base description of D02.00/D02.01/D02.02/D02.03 • Modify the function of D00.00/D03.00 - D03.04/F04.02/F04.11 - F04.12/F04.15 - F04.16 • Modify the setting range and default of F04.00 • Modify the setting range of D01.02/D01.05/D02.03 - D02.04/F01.02/F02.06 - F02.10/F04.01/F04.03/F04.04 • Modify the default of F02.02/F02.04/F02.07/F02.08

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Chapter 1 ALP Indruction

MTCC-ALP is an elevator automatic leveling protection product.

When the main power is normal, MTCC-ALP detects the input voltage status.

In the abnormal state of power failure, phase loss, and voltage over-voltage, the device automatically enters an emergency rescue state, and outputs power for the elevator to lift the car to the nearest floor at a rescue speed to open the car door. In order to enhance the elevator safety performance.



Danger

- The MTCC-ALP has a high voltage that can cause severe electrical shock and may even result in death. Please be vigilant at all times when using or near the device that has been connected to the power supply.
- MTCC-ALP as a component is designed to provide safe rescue function design for elevators in the event of a sudden mains failure. If the installation is not correct, the elevator may have potential safety hazards. Therefore, the system installation, commissioning and maintenance personnel must have received the necessary safety and product usage guidance and have appropriate experience.
- When elevator maintenance is performed, external insulation components are used to disconnect the elevator from power supply, and any measures adopted by MTCC-ALP are prohibited to ensure personnel safety.
- The control circuit is basically insulated from the power circuit and cannot be touched after power-on.



Warning

- If the control circuit is connected to the external equipment with a touchable port on power, attention should be paid to adding an additional insulation protection isolation device to ensure that the original SELV voltage level of the external equipment is not changed.
- If the communication terminal of the control circuit is connected with the PC, the RS485/RS232 isolation converter that meets the safety requirements should be selected.
- It is strictly prohibited to connect the control terminals other than relay terminals to 220VAC voltage.
- Do not tore off the sticker on the control panel buzzer before putting it into use, so as to prevent dust from entering during construction, which may cause bad buzzer.
- In normal use, tear the buzzer sticker so as not to affect its use.
- When the MTCC-ALP is not in use, make sure the circuit breaker SW is disconnected.

1.1 Rated Power

Table 1-1 MTCC-ALP rated value

Size	Model	Adaptive Power	Battery Group	Rated Input Current
Frame 1	MTCC-ALP-A-4T015	≤15kW	12V × 12Ah × 3	35A
Frame 1	MTCC-ALP-A-4T022	22kW	12V × 12Ah × 3	47A
Frame 2	MTCC-ALP-A-4T037	37kW	12V × 12Ah × 6	77A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T2P2	≤2.2kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	7.3A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T3P7	3.7kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	11.9A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T5P5	5.5kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	15A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T7P5	7.5kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	19A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T011	11kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	28A

Size	Model	Adaptive Power	Battery Group	Rated Input Current
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T015	15kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	35A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T018	18kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	39A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T022	22kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	47A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T030	30kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	62A
Frame 3	MTCC-ALP-B-4T037	37kW	12V × 7Ah × 3	77A
Rated input voltage: 3PH + N, 380VAC, 50/60Hz. Rated output voltage: 3PH, 380VAC, 50/60Hz. Size is detailed in section 1.3 Dimension, on page 3.				

1.2 Technical Data

Table 1-2 MTCC-ALP technical data

Electric	
Input voltage	Three-phase 380 - 460VAC + N, 50/60Hz ± 5% Fluctuation does not exceed ±10%, imbalance rate < 3%
Output voltage	Three phases 380VAC, 50/60Hz ± 5%
Buttery group	See 1.1
Adaptive elevator controller power	See 1.1
Protective Function	
Input phase loss, over temperature protection, output short circuit protection, output overload protection, battery low voltage protection, output under voltage protection	
Environmental Characteristics	
Working environment	0 - 40°C
Storage temperature	-15 - +50°C
Using	Indoor, not subject to direct sunlight, no dust, corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, water vapor, drip or salt and so on
Transport environment	Transport road environment (good transport road system): - No more than three level, 25 - 40km per hour speed. Handling conditions (artifact/forklift/crane need to indicate drop height): - Drop height as required by ISTA standards. Packaging (carton/wooden/combination of carton, wooden box): - Carton packaging
Altitude	Below 2000 meters, more than 2000 meters need to be derated, over 2000 meters, 1% for each increase of 100 meters
Humidity	Less than 95%RH, no condensation of water droplets, humidity 0 - 90%
Vibration	Less than 5.9m/s ² (0.6g)
Degree of protection	IP20
Pollution level	Level 2 (dry, non-conductive dust pollution)
Noise	≤60dBA (ambient noise is less than 30dBA, with 80% load in front of 1 meter)

1.3 Dimension

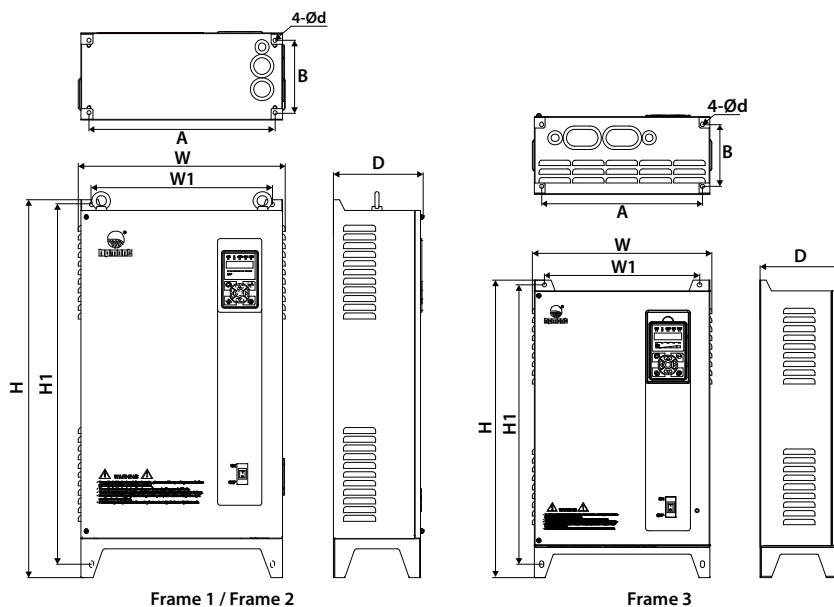


Figure 1-1 MTCC-ALP
Table 1-3 MTCC-ALP size

Size	Dimension (mm)			Mounting Size (mm)					G.W kg
	W	H	D	W1	H1	A	B	d	
Frame 1	400	730	171	350	695	360	140	8	40
Frame 2	400	870	171	350	835	360	140	8	56
Frame 3	350	575	153	300	540	312	120	8	21.5

1.4 Installation Method

The device can be wall-mounted and floor-mounted, as shown below.



a. Wall-mounted



b. Gloor-mounted

Figure 1-2 MTCC-ALP mounting methods

1.5 Remove the Cover

The device needs to remove the cover to wire main circuit and control circuit. Unscrew the two screws on the cover and open the cover.

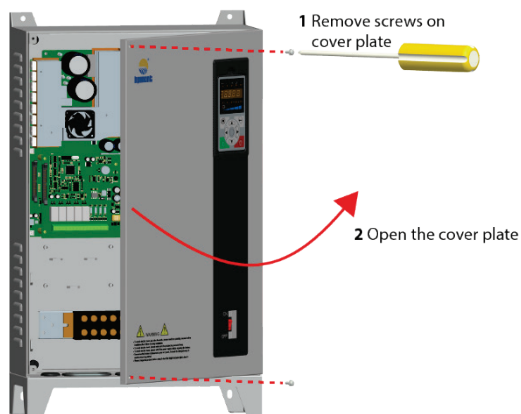


Figure 1-3 Open cover

1.6 Battery Replacement



Warning

- Always switch the ALP off and seperated from the main power.
- Take off metal items such as rings, watches.
- Use a screwdriver with an insulated handle and do not place tools or other metal objects on the battery.
- Do not short-circuit or reverse the battery.

MTCC-ALP-A Model (Frame1/Frame2)

Open the cover, see Figure 1-3. Remove the two screws on the battery cover, remove the battery cover, and remove the battery by unplugging the two cables on the battery.

Insert the new battery into the battery compartment, and return it in the reverse order of removal (tighten the screws of the battery cover, close the cover and tighten the two screws of the cover).

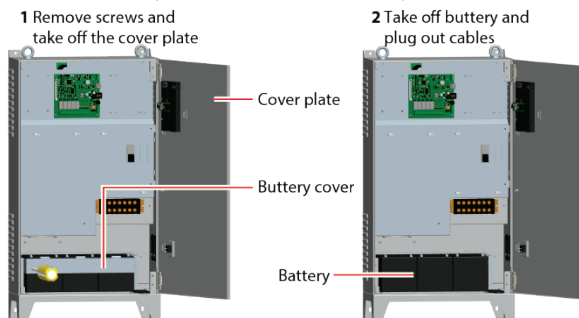


Figure 1-4 Battery replacement

MTCC-ALP-B Model (Frame3)

Open the cover, see Figure 1-3. Loosen the two captive screws shown in Figure 1-5, and rotate the main board bottom plate to a suitable angle.

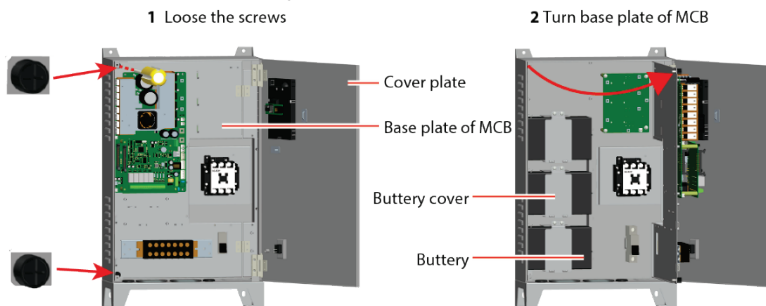
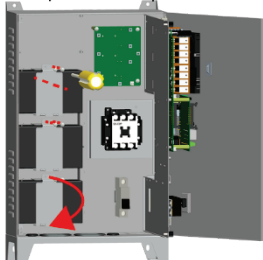


Figure 1-5 Battery replacement

Remove the two screws on the battery cover, open the battery cover downwards, and remove the battery by unplugging the two cables on the battery.

Insert the new battery into the battery compartment and reverse the direction according to the removal order (tighten the screws of the battery cover and battery cover, close the main control board bottom, tighten the captive screws, replace the cover, and tighten the two covers screw).

1 Remove battery cover plate screws and open the cover plate



2 Take off battery and plug out cables

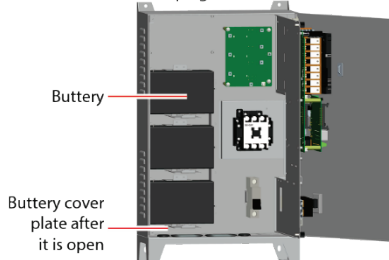


Figure 1-6 Battery replacement

1.7 Terminals Description

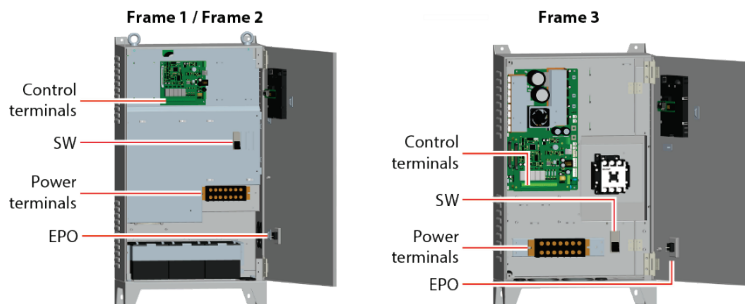


Figure 1-7 Terminals description

Table 1-4 Power supply terminals description

Terminals		Description
L1, L2, L3, N	MTCC-ALP AC input	Connect main power to L1/L2/L3/N of MTCC-ALP R/S/T is connected to elevator control panel
R, S, T	MTCC-ALP AC output	
SW	Circuit breaker	Cut off battery current output

Note:

Do not connect the L line of the input power supply to the N-line terminal of the MTCC-ALP, otherwise the MTCC-ALP will be damaged.

Table 1-5 Control terminals description

Terminals		Description
X1	Stop signal of rescue	Rescue is completed when ALP received this signal, and stop the output, wait for main power recovering. - If this signal is not received, ALP automatically stops output after running for 3min. - NO input in factory default
X2	Forbidden signal of rescue	ALP received this signal that the rescue output is disabled. When there is no breaker in the control panel of machine room elevator (there is a power breaker in the room corresponding to the room elevator) and the auxiliary contact of breaker is forbidden by ALP, that is, ALP can not work automatically after the power supply in the equipment room is powered off. Factory default unable. Settings please refer to F02.02
X3	Enable signal of rescue	After receiving this signal, the ALP considers that the rescue is enabled. After detecting that the elevator is out of power or lack of phase, the ALP automatically enters the emergency rescue status and outputs the power for the elevator. Factory default disable. Settings please refer to F02.03
X4	Signal of second rescue	There is waiting time after the completion of the MTCC-ALP rescue. During this time, if this signal is received, the MTCC-ALP will rescue again. Factory default frequently open input, closed effective
Y1, CM1	ALP emergency output signal	ALP emergency output, it is connected and disconnected at the end
Y2, CM2	Output phases sequence short signal	ALP emergency output, it is connected and disconnected at the end
Y3, CM3	ALP fault output signal	In ALP fault, it is connected
EPO	Emergency power off switch	When this switch is in the OFF state, MTCC-ALP is powered down and does not rescue

Chapter 2 Adjustment

2.1 Keypad

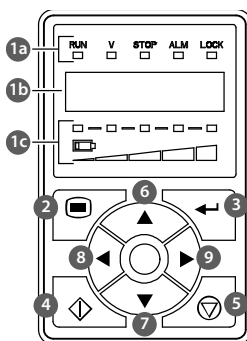


Figure 2-1 Keypad

Table 1-1 Keypad

No.	Description	
1	1a	Status indicator: Shows the current status. • RUN: ALP runtime display. • V (voltage): Voltage display. • STOP (stop/reset): Displayed when ALP is stopped or reset. • ALM (warning): Displayed if there is a problem. • LOCK: When displayed, the parameters cannot be modified.
	1b	Display area: Under normal circumstances, the parameters are displayed, fault code is displayed. • When a bit value is flashing, it means the bit can be modified.
	1c	Power indicator: Display the current power. • Each light represents 20% of the charge. • Charging high LED flashes. • When discharging, the LED will turn on and off from right to left since the current high lightblue rising sign description.
2		Programming/exiting buttons: Entering or exiting the button.
3		Enter/confirm button: To enter the lower menu; Set parameters, the displayed value is saved.
4		Run button: When you control the operation panel, this is the rescue output button.
5		Stop/reset button: Control panel to stop emergency output; Fault detection reset fault.
6		Increment button: Select function parameters, increase the value of function parameters; Set parameters to increase set value.
7		Decrement button: Select the function parameters, reduce the value of the function parameters; Set the parameters to reduce the set value.
8		Shift button: When selecting function parameters or setting parameters, select 1 bit to the left.
9		Shift button: When selecting function parameters or setting parameters, select a 1-digit value to the right.

2.2 System Description

System Wiring

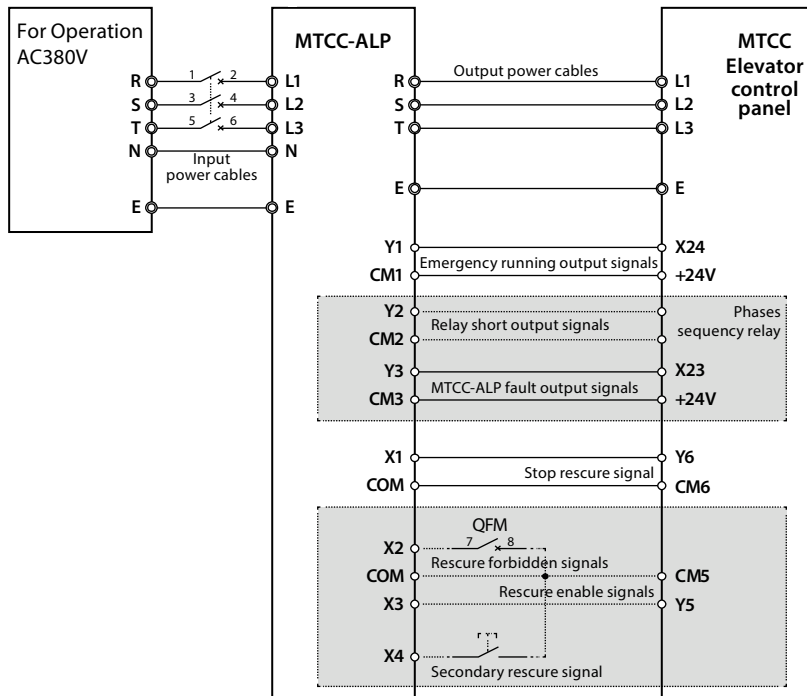


Figure 2-2 MTCC-ALP system wiring

Adjustment Procedure

Table 1-2 MTCC-ALP procedure

Procedure	Description
1	Confirm that the control panel is equipped with light load operation related functions (including terminal input and emergency light load operation function), confirm that Y1 and COM1 terminals are correctly connected to the corresponding terminals of the control panel, and confirm that the X1 COM terminal can receive the emergency completion signal. No emergency light load operation function, so you can skip this step after confirming that ALP is selected as heavy load type.
2	Confirm that the power lines L1/L2/L3 + N and R/S/T are connected as required. When using the energy feedback unit at the same time, please send the energy feedback three-phase output to the three-phase input of ALP (L1/L2/L3). Please make sure that the circuit breaker (SW) and EPO switch are "OFF". After completing the wiring according to the electrical diagram, close the circuit breaker (SW), close the upper cover, and close the EPO switch.
3	On the power frequency AC, ALP frequently bypasses the mains to ensure that the elevator control panel can operate normally and the elevator enters the automatic operation state.
4	Confirm that ALP has no fault at this time, and enter the charging state.
5	In the empty car state, the elevator runs automatically, and the power is cut off in the non-leveling area. After 3 - 5s, the ALP buzzer sounds, and the elevator control panel is powered on and enters the emergency operation mode. The elevator goes up to the leveling area to open the door. After closing the door, in the case of X1 complete signal, stop after receiving completion signal. If there is no completion signal, ALP is stopped after running for 3mins.
6	Restore the mains: It can be recovered during the emergency process, recovered after the emergency is completed or restored after the ALP panel is extinguished.

MTCC-ALP Job Description

1. During the normal period of the external power grid, MTCC-ALP charges the battery.
2. In the event of an external power grid failure, the workflow is shown in Figure 2-3.
3. When the external power grid returns to normal, MTCC-ALP will connect the external power grid to the elevator control panel and the elevator will resume normal operation.

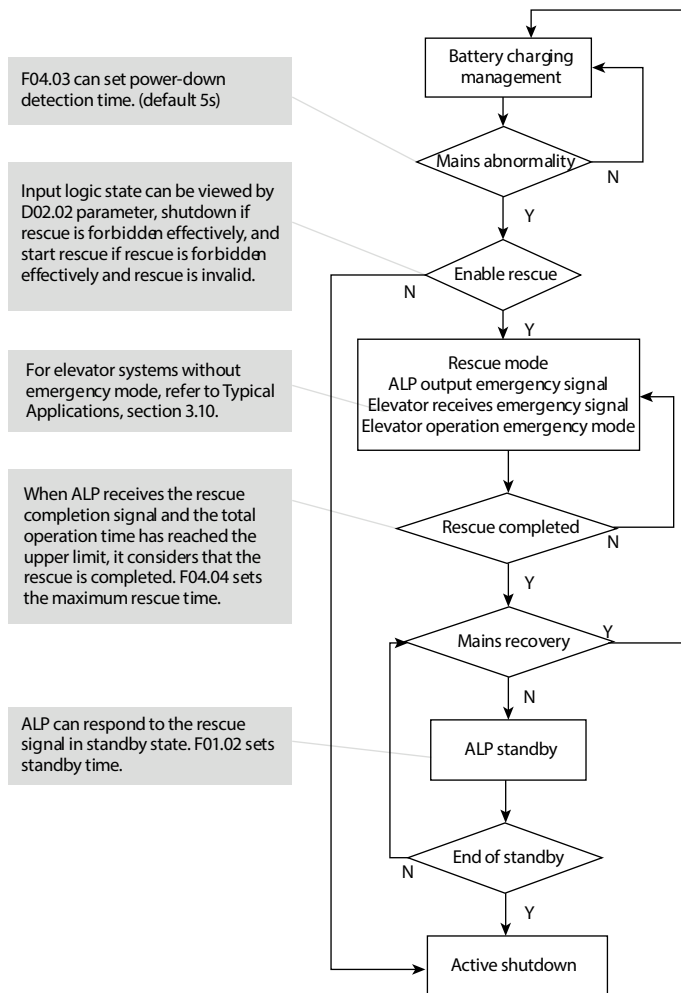


Figure 2-3 MTCC-ALP flow chart

Chapter 3 Detailed Description and Application

3.1 D00: System Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
D00.00	Power failure emergency signature 0x5075	[Actual value]
D00.01	Rated power	[Actual value]
D00.02	Rated current	[Actual value]
D00.03	Software version	[Actual value]
D00.05	Main control board hardware version	[Actual value]
D00.06	Internal test version	[Actual value]

3.2 D01: MTCC-ALP Drive Status Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
D01.00	Running temperature	[Actual value]
D01.01	Battery voltage	[Actual value]
D01.02	Battery discharging current	[Actual value]
D01.03	Bus voltage	[Actual value]
D01.04	Battery charging voltage	[Actual value]
D01.05	Battery charging current	[Actual value]
D01.06	Battery power	[Actual value]
D01.07	Input voltage L1 phase effective value	[Actual value]
D01.08	Input voltage L2 phase effective value	[Actual value]
D01.09	Input voltage L3 phase effective value	[Actual value]
D01.10	Input L1/L2 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
D01.11	Input L2/L3 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
D01.12	Input L1/L3 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
D01.13	Output voltage RS phase effective value	[Actual value]
D01.14	Output voltage ST phase effective value	[Actual value]

3.3 D02: Input and Output Display Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]			
D02.00	Input IO status (binary representation)	[Actual value]			
	Input status of the X1 - X4 terminals on the control board.				
	Bit3: X4 input	Bit2: X3 input	Bit1: X2 input	Bit0: X1 input	
	• 0: Input invalid		• 1: Input valid		
D02.01	Output IO status (binary representation)	[Actual value]			
	Output status of Y1 - Y5 on the control board.				
	Bit4: Y5 output	Bit3: Y4 output	Bit2: Y3 output	Bit1: Y2 output	Bit0: Y1 output
	• 0: Output invalid		• 1: Output valid		
D02.02	Input logic status (binary representation)	[Actual value]			
	Input logic status is determined by input IO status and input terminal function parameters.				
	Bit3: Rescue again	Bit2: Enable rescue	Bit1: No rescue	Bit0: Complete rescue	
	• 0: Invalid		• 1: Valid		
	• During the rescue process, stop the rescue output if you receive the rescue completion signal, and the F00.11 rescue delay can be set to delay the output after receiving the rescue signal.				
	• When the rescue is prohibited, the mains is lost, and the MTCC-ALP does not start the rescue.				
• When enable rescue is effective and no rescue is invalid, MTCC-ALP starts the rescue, otherwise the MTCC-ALP does not start the rescue.					
• After a rescue is completed, the mains is not restored, and the rescue signal is input again. MTCC-ALP can start the second rescue.					
D02.03	Output logic status (hexadecimal representation)	[Actual value]			
	The output logic state is determined by the MTCC-ALP operating state.				
			Bit5: OD output	Bit4: Up output	
	Bit3: Reserved	Bit2: Fault output	Bit1: Short phase sequence	Bit0: Emergency rescue	
• 0: Invalid		• 1: Valid			
D02.04	Main contactor status	[Actual value]			
	Bit0: Contactor frequently open contact				
	Bit1: Contactor frequently closed contact				
	• 00: Contactor fault.				
	• 01: Contactor disconnect.				
• 10: Contactor suction.					
• 11: Contactor fault.					

3.4 D03: Operation Statistics

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
D03.00	Power-on running time (minutes.seconds)	[Actual value]
D03.01	Power-on running time (hours)	[Actual value]
D03.02	Cumulative running time (minutes.seconds)	[Actual value]
D03.03	Cumulative running time (hours)	[Actual value]
D03.04	Rescue cumulative running time (minutes.seconds)	[Actual value]
D03.05	Rescue cumulative running time (hours)	[Actual value]

3.5 F00: Basic Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
F00.00	UPS mode enable	0,1 [0]
	0: Unable. 1: Enable.	
F00.01	The mains normal confirm time Under the UPS operation mode (F00.00 = 1), after the mains power is lost and the MTCC-ALP emergency start, if the mains is detected to return to normal, the mains supply should be cut, and the elevator is no longer powered by the battery. The normal duration of the mains can be detected by the F00.01 setting. If the duration reaches this value, the mains recovery is considered, so that the mains can be safely cut.	10 - 120 [30s]
F00.02	Output frequency This parameters can be used to modify the MTCC-ALP power supply frequency.	50/60Hz [Model confirm]
F00.04	Buzzer enable during rescue	0,1 [0]
	0: Unable. 1: Enable.	
F00.10	MTCC-ALP fault power failure	0,1 [0]
	0: Unable. • When MTCC-ALP fails, the elevator will be powered by the bypass grid. 1: Enable. • When MTCC-ALP fails, the bypass contactor will be disconnected and the elevator will be powered off.	
F00.11	Rescue delay	0 - 120 [0s]
	Rescue signal is received and emergency output is delayed. Refer to Typical Applications, section 3.10, page 19.	
F00.12	Emergency delay output up time	0 - 30 [1s]
	Delayed output up time after emergency start. Refer to Typical Application, section 3.10, page 19.	
F00.13	R, S, T output phase sequence setting	0,1 [0]
	0: Positive. 1: Negative. Set F00.13 at the time of phase sequence detection to make the phase sequence of MTCC-ALP output consistent with the mains.	

3.6 F01: Supporting Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
F01.00	User's password input When the password needs to be removed, enter the password in this parameters.	0 - 65535 [0]
F01.01	Parameters renew 0: No operation. 1: Restore factory parameters. 2: Clear up the fault. 3: Clear up the fault and operation records.	0 - 3 [0]
F01.02	Rescue completion standby time After the first rescue, standby when the mains is not restored. In response to the rescue again signal during the standby time, the MTCC-ALP actively shuts down beyond the standby time.	0 - 120 [120s]
F01.03	Password modify This parameters can be used to set the user password. This parameters is not visible when encrypting, and can be modified after decryption. 0: No user password.	0 - 65535 [0]

3.7 F02: Terminal Function Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]												
F02.00	Input terminal filter time	2 - 40 [10ms]												
	Define the filter time of the control board input terminals X1 - X4, used to set the sensitivity of the input terminal.													
F02.01	X1 function	0 - 104 [1]												
F02.02	X2 function	0 - 104 [0]												
F02.03	X3 function	0 - 104 [0]												
F02.04	X4 function	0 - 104 [0]												
Note:														
1. Hundred is set to 0, indicating frequently open input. Set to 1, indicating frequently close input.														
2. Multiple terminals cannot be set to the same function.														
<table><tr><th>Function</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>0: No function</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1: Rescue complete frequently open input 101: Rescue complete frequently close input</td><td>When the emergency operation receives the rescue completion signal to stop the rescue, the rescue delay can be set to stop after receiving the completion signal</td></tr><tr><td>2: No rescue frequently open input 102: No rescue frequently close input</td><td>No rescue is effective and no rescue will be initiated. Receive no rescue after startup, and stop the rescue</td></tr><tr><td>3: Enable rescue frequently open input 103: Enable rescue frequently close input</td><td>When enable rescue signal is received and enable rescue terminal is not set, the enable rescue is valid by default. When enable rescue terminal is set up, and enable. Rescue signal is input from outside, the MTCC-ALP enable logic is valid</td></tr><tr><td>4: Rescue again frequently open input 104: Rescue again frequently close input</td><td>After the rescue is completed, the second rescue signal is received and the second rescue is started</td></tr></table>			Function	Description	0: No function		1: Rescue complete frequently open input 101: Rescue complete frequently close input	When the emergency operation receives the rescue completion signal to stop the rescue, the rescue delay can be set to stop after receiving the completion signal	2: No rescue frequently open input 102: No rescue frequently close input	No rescue is effective and no rescue will be initiated. Receive no rescue after startup, and stop the rescue	3: Enable rescue frequently open input 103: Enable rescue frequently close input	When enable rescue signal is received and enable rescue terminal is not set, the enable rescue is valid by default. When enable rescue terminal is set up, and enable. Rescue signal is input from outside, the MTCC-ALP enable logic is valid	4: Rescue again frequently open input 104: Rescue again frequently close input	After the rescue is completed, the second rescue signal is received and the second rescue is started
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4: Rescue again frequently open input 104: Rescue again frequently close input	After the rescue is completed, the second rescue signal is received and the second rescue is started													

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]															
F02.05	Reserved																
F02.06	Y1 function	0 - 108 [1]															
F02.07	Y2 function	0 - 108 [0]															
F02.08	Y3 function	0 - 108 [0]															
F02.09	Y4 function	0 - 108 [0]															
F02.10	Y5 function	0 - 108 [0]															
<i>Note:</i> 1. Hundred is set to 0, indicating frequently open input. Set to 1, indicating norm frequently ally closed input. 2. Multiple terminals cannot be set to the same function.																	
<table><tr><th>Function</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>0: No function</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1: Emergency rescue frequently open output 101: Emergency rescue frequently close output</td><td rowspan="2">Output during emergency rescue</td></tr><tr><td>2: Phase sequence short-circuit frequently open output 102: Phase sequence short-circuit frequently close output</td></tr><tr><td>3: Fault frequently open output 103: Fault frequently close output</td><td>Output when MTCC-ALP is failed</td></tr><tr><td>4: Emergency up frequently open output 104: Emergency up frequently close output</td><td rowspan="5">Output during emergency rescue • Refer to Typical Applications, section 3.10, page 19</td></tr><tr><td>5: No function 105: No function</td></tr><tr><td>6: Emergency aided frequently open output 106: Emergency aided frequently close output</td></tr><tr><td>7: OD command frequently open output 107: OD command frequently close output</td></tr><tr><td>8: OD electric reset frequently open output 108: OD electric reset frequently close output</td></tr></table>			Function	Description	0: No function		1: Emergency rescue frequently open output 101: Emergency rescue frequently close output	Output during emergency rescue	2: Phase sequence short-circuit frequently open output 102: Phase sequence short-circuit frequently close output	3: Fault frequently open output 103: Fault frequently close output	Output when MTCC-ALP is failed	4: Emergency up frequently open output 104: Emergency up frequently close output	Output during emergency rescue • Refer to Typical Applications, section 3.10, page 19	5: No function 105: No function	6: Emergency aided frequently open output 106: Emergency aided frequently close output	7: OD command frequently open output 107: OD command frequently close output	8: OD electric reset frequently open output 108: OD electric reset frequently close output
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8: OD electric reset frequently open output 108: OD electric reset frequently close output																	

3.8 F03: Default Record

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
F03.00	Input L1 phase voltage	[Actual value]
F03.01	Input L2 phase voltage	[Actual value]
F03.02	Input L3 phase voltage	[Actual value]
F03.03	Input L1/L2 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
F03.04	Input L2/L3 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
F03.05	Input L1/L3 line voltage effective value	[Actual value]
F03.06	Output R/S voltage	[Actual value]
F03.07	Output S/T voltage	[Actual value]

3.9 F04: Mains Detection Parameters

Ref. Code	Function Description	Setting Range [Default]
F04.00	Input phase lack detection reference	40 - 90% (controller rated voltage) [60%]
	MTCC-ALP can start rescue when the grid is under voltage. This parameters sets the undervoltage point.	
F04.01	Rescue completion signal detection delay	0 - 20 [20s]
	After the MTCC-ALP starts, the rescue completion signal is ignored during this time. Some elevator controllers will immediately output the rescue completion signal after power failure. MTCC-ALP will receive the second rescue completion signal to confirm the rescue is completed.	
F04.02	Reserved	
F04.03	Power failure confirmation time setting	3 - 15 [5s]
	MTCC-ALP detects the power failure time. If the power failure time exceeds F04.03, MTCC-ALP will start, otherwise it will not start.	
F04.04	Maximum rescue time	180 - 400 [180s]
	MTCC-ALP power failure rescue single maximum running time. When F04.04 is exceeded, MTCC-ALP will stop supplying power.	
F04.05	Reserved	
F04.06	Fault code 1	[Actual value]
F04.07	Fault code 2	[Actual value]
F04.08	Fault code 3	[Actual value]
F04.09	Fault code 4	[Actual value]
F04.10	Fault code 5	[Actual value]
F04.11	Fault record operating temperature	0.0 - 140.0°C [Actual value]
F04.12	Fault record battery voltage	0.0 - 46.0V [Actual value]
F04.13	Fault record discharging current	0 - 300A [Actual value]
F04.14	Fault record bus voltage	0 - 900V [Actual value]
F04.15	Fault record charging voltage	0.0 - 46.0V [Actual value]
F04.16	Fault record charging current	0.000 - 4.000A [Actual value]

3.10 Typical Application

For the reconstruction site without emergency mode, MTCC-ALP will control the elevator to enter the maintenance operation state through terminal control. By setting parameters, MTCC-ALP can actively complete the emergency function of power failure.

MTCC-ALP Wiring	Parameters Setting
	F02.06 = 101, Y1 is set as emergency frequently close output. Enter the maintenance circuit in series, disconnect the maintenance circuit in emergency state, and make the elevator enter the maintenance state
	F02.01 = 1, X1 is set to rescue complete frequently open input. Output after receiving the leveling signal
	F02.08 = 4, Y3 is set to the up frequently open output. When no leveling signal is detected, the up signal is output, and the leveling signal is detected and the up output is turned off
	F02.09 = 7, Y4 is set to open signal frequently open output. After the leveling signal is detected, the open door signal is output
	F00.11 = 120, delay downtime. Continue emergency output after detection of leveling signal and wait for the completion of door opening
	F02.07 = 6, Y2 is set to service auxiliary frequently open output. Delay one second output after the emergency signal is output, and the two cooperate to make the elevator enter the inspection state
	F02.10 = 8, Y5 is set to OD point reset frequently open output. Jog output between receiving the leveling signal and the output opening signal, which can be used as the output signal of the door open reset button

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

When there is a fault, the ALM indicator on the operation panel lights up.

Fault		Fault Reasons	Counter-measures
E0001	No battery or battery damage	- The battery switch SW or EPO switch is not closed - Disconnected battery wires - The battery is damaged	- Please check if the switch status is normal - Make sure the battery cable is in good condition - Please check if the battery is normal
E0002	Battery undervoltage	- Low battery or battery damage - Unsuitable emergency machine parameters settings	- Please charge the battery or replace the battery - Adjust emergency rescue parameters - You can change brake - Failure when the car starts, reducing the starting acceleration - Failure when the car stops, reducing car deceleration
E0003	EEPROM error	EEPROM memory circuit failure	Contact factory maintenance
E0004	FO	- Output short circuit - Inadequate setting of the emergency rescue parameters leads to over-current of the busbar - Power module is damaged	- Please check the output wiring to ensure that the back-end equipment is normal - See E0002 troubleshooting - Seek technical support
E0005	Bus undervoltage	- Low battery or battery damage - Power module is damaged	- Please charge the battery or replace the battery - Seek technical support
E0006	Abnormal main power	Main power is not normal	Please check if the input mains is three-phase four-wire 380VAC
E0007	Overcurrent in charging	- Battery mistaked wiring - Charging circuit failure	- Please check the battery cable connection - Seek technical support
E0008	Overcurrent in discharging	Unreasonable model selection, exceeding the power used	Seek technical support
E0009	Overvoltage in charging	- Battery wiring error - Damaged charging circuit	- Please check the battery cable connection - Seek technical support
E0010	Overheat of module	- The ambient temperature is too high - Temperature check circuit is damaged	- Improve working environment conditions - Seek technical support
E0011	Bypass contactor failure	- Contactor status signal is abnormal - Bypass contactor is abnormal	- Please confirm the normal connection of the control board CN31 - Check if the bypass contactor is abnormal
E0012	System overload	Unreasonable configuration, exceeding power usage	Seek technical support
E0013	Discharge abnormality of battery discharge	Abnormal signal detection circuit	Seek technical support

Fault		Fault Reasons	Counter-measures
E0014	OC	• Damaged module	• Seek technical support
E0015	Input voltage abnormal	• Low battery or battery damage • Inverter module is damaged	• Please charge the battery or replace the battery • Seek technical support
E0016	Input voltage over	• Input voltage exceeds specification	• N phase wiring error • The input is not three-phase four-wire 380VAC $\pm 10\%$

Chapter 5 Function

Modify the property:

*: Actual parameters cannot be modified

× : Cannot be modified during operation

○: Can be modified during operation

Ref. Code	Function	Setting Range	Default	Attribute
D00: System Parameters				
D00.00	ALP series	0x5075	Actual value	*
D00.01	ALP rated power	0.1 - 999.9kW	Actual value	*
D00.02	ALP rated current	0.1 - 999.9A	Actual value	*
D00.03	ALP software version	0 - 9.99	Actual value	*
D00.04	ALP software version of keypad	0 - 9.99	Actual value	*
D00.05	ALP hardware version of main control board	1.00 - 9.99	Actual value	*
D00.06	ALP internal test version	1 - 999	Actual value	*
D01: MTCC-ALP Drive Status Parameters				
D01.00	ALP running temperature	0 - 140°C	Actual value	*
D01.01	ALP battery voltage	0 - 46.0V	Actual value	*
D01.02	ALP releasing current	0 - 600A	Actual value	*
D01.03	ALP bus voltage	0.1 - 900A	Actual value	*
D01.04	ALP charging voltage	0 - 46.0V	Actual value	*
D01.05	ALP charging current	0 - 4.000A	Actual value	*
D01.06	ALP battery volume	0 - 100%	Actual value	*
D01.07	ALP input voltage L1 phase valid value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.08	ALP input voltage L2 phase valid value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.09	ALP input voltage L3 phase valid value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.10	ALP input L1/L2 phases voltage valid value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.11	ALP input L2/L3 phases voltage valid value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.12	Input line L1/L3 voltage effective value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.13	Output voltage RS phase effective value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D01.14	Output voltage ST phase effective value	0 - 999V	Actual value	*
D02: Input and Output Display Parameters				

Ref. Code	Function	Setting Range	Default	Attribute
D02.00	ALP input IO status (binary representation)	5-bit binary number, from the lowest bit to the highest bit represent: Bit0: X1 terminal Bit1: X2 terminal Bit2: X3 terminal Bit3: X4 terminal • 0: Input invalid • 1: Input valid	Actual value	*
D02.01	ALP output IO status (binary representation)	5-bit binary number, from the lowest bit to the highest bit represent: Bit0: Y1 terminal Bit1: Y2 terminal Bit2: Y3 terminal Bit3: Y4 terminal Bit4: Y5 terminal • 0: Input invalid • 1: Input valid	Actual value	*
D02.02	ALP input logic status (binary representation)	Bit0: Rescue completed Bit1: Output disabled Bit2: Enable rescue Bit3: Rescue again • 0: Input invalid • 1: Input valid		*
D02.03	ALP output logic status (hexadecimal representation)	The function code consists of a 2-bit hexadecimal number, which is represented by the lowest bit and the highest bit respectively Bit0: Emergency rescue Bit1: Phase sequence short joint Bit2: Fault output Bit3: Uplink output Bit4: (no function) Bit5: Emergency auxiliary output Bit6: Open-door command output Bit7: Open-door point moving reset	Actual value	*
D02.04	Main contactor status	Bit1: Contactor frequently open contact Bit2: Contactor frequently closed contact • 0: Disconnect • 1: Suck on	Actual value	*

Ref. Code	Function	Setting Range	Default	Attribute
D03: Operation Statistics				
D03.00	Low bit of running time with power	00.00 - 60.60	Actual value	*
D03.01	High power-on time (hours)	00.00 - 65500	Actual value	*
D03.02	Low bit of cumulative run time	00.00 - 60.60	Actual value	*
D03.03	High cumulative running time (hours)	00.00 - 65500	Actual value	*
D03.04	Rescuing times	0 - 65535	Actual value	*
D03.05	Accumulated high rescue time (hours)	0000 - 65500	Actual value	*
F00: Basic Parameters				
F00.00	UPS mode enable	0: Disable 1: Enable	0	×
F00.01	Confirming time of normal main power	10 - 120s	30s	×
F00.02	Output frequency	50/60Hz	Depend on model	×
F00.03	Reserved			
F00.04	Buzzer enable in rescuing	0: Disable 1: Enable	1	×
F00.10	ALP cut off the grid in fault	0: Not cut off 1: Cut off	0	×
F00.11	Delayed closing output	0 - 120s	0s	×
F00.13	R, S, T output phase sequence setting	0: Positive 1: Negative	0	×
F01: Supporting Parameters				
F01.00	User password	0 - 65535	1	○
F01.01	ALP parameters updating	0: No operation 1: Restore factory parameters 2: Clear the fault information 3: Clear the fault records	0	×
F01.02	Waiting time of rescue completion		120s	
F01.03	Password modification (visible after decryption)	0 - 65535 0: No password function X: Current password	0	×
F02: Terminal Function Parameters				
F02.00	ALP input terminal filter time	2 - 40ms	2ms	×
F02.01	X1 function	0000: No function 001: Rescue completion NO input	1	×
F02.02	X2 function	1: No rescuing NO input 2: Rescuing enable NO input	0	×
F02.03	X3 function	3: Rescue again NO input	0	×

Ref. Code	Function	Setting Range	Default	Attribute
F02.04	X4 function	102: No rescuing NC input 103: Rescuing enable NC input 104: Rescue again NC input	0	*
F02.05	Reserved			
F02.06	Y1 function	0: No function 1: Emergency rescue output (NO)	1	×
F02.07	Y2 function	2: Phases sequency short output (NO) 3: ALP fault output (NO)	0	×
F02.08	Y3 function	4: Emergency up output (NO) 5: Emergency down output (NO)	0	×
F02.09	Y4 function	6: Emergency auxiliary output (NO)	0	×
F02.10	Y5 function	<i>Hundreds indicate frequently open and frequently closed switches, such as: 101: Emergency rescue output (frequently closed)</i>	0	×
F03: Default Record				
F03.00	A phase voltage	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.01	B phase voltage	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.02	C phase voltage	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.03	Input line L1/L2 voltage effective value	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.04	Input line L2/L3 voltage effective value	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.05	Input line L1/L3 voltage effective value	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.06	Output R/S voltage	0 - 999V	0V	*
F03.07	Output S/T voltage	0 - 999V	0V	*
F04: Mains Detection Parameters				
F04.00	Input phase loss detection reference	0 - 100% rated voltage	50%	×
F04.01	Signal detection delay of rescue completion	1 - 20s	20s	×
F04.02	Reserved		0	×
F04.03	Confirmation time setting of power failure	3 - 15s	5s	×
F04.04	Emergency run time setting	180 - 400s	300s	×
F04.05	Soft start time setting	50 - 500ms	50ms	×
F04.06	Fault code 1	0 - 16	0	*
F04.07	Fault code 2	0 - 16	0	*
F04.08	Fault code 3	0 - 16	0	*

Ref. Code	Function	Setting Range	Default	Attribute
F04.09	Fault code 4	0 - 16	0	*
F04.10	Fault code 5	0 - 16	0	*
F04.11	ALP input voltage	0.0 - 46.0V	0.0V	*
F04.12	ALP butterfly voltage	0.0 - 46.0V	0.0V	*
F04.13	ALP releasing current	0 - 300A	0A	*
F04.14	ALP bus voltage	0 - 900V	0V	*
F04.15	ALP charging voltage	0.0 - 46.0V	0.0V	*
F04.16	ALP charging current	0.000 - 4.000A	0.000A	*